

MSDS Document

Product Concrete and Masonry Repair Mixes

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Concrete and Masonry Repair Mixes

Synonyms: Top 'N Bond, Flow Stone, Xypex, Swift Set, Plug Tite, Brush 'N Seal

MSDS ID 1001

Manufacturer

King Packaged Materials Company
3385 Harvester Road
Burlington, ON L7R 3Y5

Emergency Phone

(800) 461-0566

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2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Number	Weight %	ACGIH TLV	PEL	STEL
Silica, total quartz	14808-60-7	60% - 100%	0.05 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m ³	
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	30% - 60%	10 mg/m ³ (T)	5 mg/m ³ (R)	

3. Hazard Identification

Emergency Overview

A single, short-term exposure to the dry powder presents little or no hazard.

Routes of Entry

Inhalation.
Ingestion.
Skin Absorption.

Eyes

Airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation.

Skin

May cause dry skin, discomfort, and irritation.

Inhalation - Acute

Exposure to airborne concentrations above exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Inhalation - Chronic

Risk of injury depends on duration and level of exposure.

Carcinogenicity

Suspect cancer hazard. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Silicosis

This product contains crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis, a seriously disabling and potentially fatal lung disease. See Section 4 for further information.

4. First Aid Information**Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, including under lids, to remove all particles. Seek medical attention for abrasions.

Skin Contact

Seek medical attention for rash, burns, irritation, dermatitis and prolonged unprotected exposures to wet cement, cement mixtures or liquids from wet cement.

Ingestion

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give victim a glass of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Move victim to fresh air.

Additional Notes - Silicosis

There are three (3) types of silicosis:

1) Simple chronic silicosis - which results from long-term exposure (more than 20 years) to low amounts of respirable crystalline silica. Nodules of chronic inflammation and scarring provoked by the respirable crystalline silica form in the lungs and chest lymph nodes. This disease may feature breathlessness and may resemble chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

2) Accelerated silicosis - occurs after exposure to larger amounts of respirable crystalline silica over a shorter period of time (5-15 years). Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis.

3) Acute silicosis - results from short-term exposure to very large amounts of respirable crystalline silica. The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels.

Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point

Not Available

FP Method Not Available

Extinguishing media

Media appropriate for surrounding fire.

6. Accidental Release Measures

General

Avoid actions that cause the product to become airborne. Avoid inhalation of the product and contact with skin. Wear appropriate protective equipment as described in Section 8. Scrape wet product and place in container. Allow material to dry or solidify before disposal. Do not wash product down sewage and drainage systems or into bodies of water (e.g. streams).

Clean Up

Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of product according to Federal, State, Provincial and Local regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Keep bulk and bagged product dry until used.

Use with adequate ventilation.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Bagged product is heavy and poses risks such as sprains and strains to the back, the arms, the shoulders and the legs during lifting and mixing.

Always use good industrial hygiene practices and safety guidelines

Storage

Keep away from food and drinking water.

Store in a dry area.

Store material in its original container.

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Protect from freezing

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Hand Protection

Approved gloves should be worn based on risk assessments.

Respiratory Protection

Use of an approved respirator, based on a risk assessment is necessary. Respiratory protection should be selected based on the known or anticipated levels of exposure, and the work being performed.

Eye Protection

Approved safety eyewear should be worn, based on the risk assessments performed.

Skin Protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed. This includes gloves, coveralls and footwear.

Engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fume, or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Environmental Exposure Controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure their compliance with environmental protection legislation requirements. In some cases, it may be necessary to modify process equipment to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Solid - Powder
Specific Gravity	2.5
Odor	Odorless
Boiling/Cond. Point	Not Available
Melting/Freezing Point	Not Available
Solubility	Not Available
Evaporation Rate	Not Available
Percent Volatile	Not Available
Molecular Formula	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available
Vapor Pressure	Not Available

10. Stability and Reactivity**Stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Store protected from unplanned moisture.

Materials to Avoid

None.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information**Carcinogenicity**

Crystalline Silica Quartz (Respirable Form)

ACGIH: A2

IARC: 1

EPA: -

NIOSH: +

NTP: Proven

OSHA: -

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Effects

There are no known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Material should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional information on handling and employee protection.

14. Transportation Information

Transportation

This product is not classified as a Hazardous Material under U.S DOT or Canadian TDG regulations.

15. Regulatory Information

WHMIS

Hazardous Component(s) subject to WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure.

Class D2-A: Material causing other toxic effects.

Class E: Corrosive Material.

16. Other Information

Disclaimer

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